Section 1  General Information

Manufacturer:
Zinsser Company, Inc.
173 Belmont Drive
Somerset, NJ  08875
(732) 469-8100

Emergency Telephone:  Chemtrec (800) 424-9300  Date: February 5, 2007

Product Name:  Zinsser Adhesive Remover

Codes:  42081  42084

Section 2  Hazardous Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Component</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methylene Chloride</td>
<td>75-09-2</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>125 ppm (STEL)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin Wax</td>
<td>8002-74-2</td>
<td>N/E</td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DiPropylene Glycol-Methyl Ether</td>
<td>34590-94-8</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>150 ppm (STEL)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>300 ppm (C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>250 ppm (STEL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aliphatic Hydrocarbons</td>
<td>8052-41-3</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C = Ceiling Value

Section 3  Hazard Identification

Emergency Overview:  This product is an adhesive remover. It is a cloudy white liquid with a chlorinated solvent type odor. This product contains methylene chloride, methanol, toluene, and dipropylene glycol methyl ether. This material may cause eye and skin burns. This material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Primary Routes of Exposure:
Skin Contact
Eye Contact
Inhalation

**Potential Acute Health Effects:**

**Eye:** Exposure may cause eye burns. Symptoms may include burning, stinging, tearing, and redness.

**Skin:** Exposure to skin may cause skin irritation or a burning sensation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin to become reddened, rough and dry due to the removal of natural oils and may result in dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion:** Swallowing this material may cause gastrointestinal irritation (nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea) and central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness). May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract with vomiting. This material may pose an aspiration hazard. Aspiration of this material into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal.

**Inhalation:** Excessive inhalation may produce symptoms of central nervous system depression, ranging from light headedness, nausea and vomiting to unconsciousness and death. Inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation and transient pulmonary edema. Can cause headache, mental confusion, depression, fatigue, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, cough, loss of sense of balance, visual disturbances and other central nervous system effects. Persons with angina or other cardiovascular diseases should not be exposed to this product.

**Potential Chronic Health Effects:**

**Signs and Symptoms:** May cause liver effects, kidney effects, bronchitis, loss of appetite, nausea, lack of balance, and visual disturbances. Methylene chloride may cause cancer. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.

(See also Sections 4, 8, and 11 for related information)

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**Section 4 First Aid Measures**

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart to ensure flushing of the entire eye surface. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact:** In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, contact a physician or poison control center immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. This material may pose an
aspiration hazard. Aspiration of this material into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, monitor breathing for difficulty. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Get medical attention. If the patient is conscious, wash out mouth with water and give 200-300 ml (half a pint) of water to drink.

**Inhalation:** If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately. If breathing is difficult, have trained person administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Note to Physician:** Overexposure to this product can produce elevated carboxyhemoglobin level.

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**Section 5  Fire Fighting Measures**

**Flash Point** (method): None

**Extinguishing Media:** Foam, Dry Chemical, Water Fog, CO2

**Protection of Firefighters:** As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure demand mode and full protective gear.

**Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards:** Contact with flame or hot surface may produce toxic/corrosive gases.

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**Section 6  Accidental Release Measures**

**Clean Up Methods:** Keep unnecessary people away. Dike and contain spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.). Transfer liquid to containers for recovery or disposal, or absorb with absorbent materials and place into containers for disposal. Keep spill out of sewer and open bodies of water. Floors may be slippery; care should be exercised to avoid falls during clean up operations. Prevent runoff to sewers, streams or other bodies of water.

**Spillage:** If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Clean up rags, papers and waste promptly. Allow solvent to evaporate then dispose of in metal container. Call your local sanitation department for aid in disposing of unwanted product in your area or call the Environmental Protection Agency Solvent and Hazardous Waste Hotline at 1-800-424-9345. Do not dump on the ground or in local sewer of discharge system.

(See also Section 8 for information on Exposure Controls and Personal Protective Equipment)
Section 7  Handling and Storage

Handling:  Open containers carefully and close after each use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. Do not use pressure to empty containers. Containers, even those that have been emptied, will retain product residue and vapors. Always obey hazard warnings and handle empty containers as if they were full. Use this product outdoors, if possible. If you must use it indoors, open all windows and doors or use other means to ensure fresh air movement during application and drying. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not use in basement or other unventilated area. Prevent the build-up of vapors by opening windows and doors to achieve cross-ventilation.

Storage:  Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Vapors of this product are heavier than air and will collect in low places, such as pits or degreasers or other poorly ventilated areas. Do not enter places where vapors are suspected unless special respirator protection is worn and an observer is present. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Section 8  Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:  Use in well-ventilated areas. If necessary, use mechanical local exhaust ventilation or general room dilution ventilation to reduce vapor concentrations below applicable exposure limits. If workplace exposure monitoring indicates methylene chloride levels cannot be controlled to below the established OSHA exposure limits (29 CFR 1910.1050), then appropriate respiratory protection must be provided. Obtain professional advice before using respiratory protection. A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors. Do not use in basement or other unventilated area.

WARNING! If you scrape, sand, or remove old paint, you may release lead dust. LEAD IS TOXIC. EXPOSURE TO LEAD DUST CAN CAUSE SERIOUS ILLNESS, SUCH AS BRAIN DAMAGE, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD ALSO AVOID EXPOSURE. Wear a NIOSH-approved respirator to control lead exposure. Clean up carefully with a HEPA vacuum and a wet mop. Before you start, find out how to protect yourself and your family by contacting the National Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-424-LEAD or log on to www.epa.gov/lead.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Eye Protection:  Do not get in eyes. Wear chemical splash goggles or similar eye protection if the potential exists for eye contact.

Skin Protection:  Avoid unnecessary skin contact. It is recommended that PVA, rubber or other impermeable gloves be worn to prevent skin contact. Depending on conditions of use, additional protective equipment may be necessary such as face-shield, apron or coveralls.
Respiratory Protection: If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels exceed applicable occupational exposure limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) during and after application. Follow respirator manufacturer’s directions for respirator use.

General Hygiene Practices: Wash after handling material. Do not get in eyes. Avoid skin and inhalation contact. Wash thoroughly before handling food, cosmetics, or before smoking.

Section 9 Physical Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th>Cloudy White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>150°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>300 mmHg 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>N/D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity (water = 1):</td>
<td>1.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Odor</th>
<th>Chlorinated Solvent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>N/D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>N/D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>Heavier than air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in Water</td>
<td>Limited</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion may yield carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phosgene and/or HCL. Do not breathe smoke or fumes. Wear appropriate protective equipment.

Conditions to Avoid: Open flames, welding arcs or other high temperature sources.

Incompatibility: Avoid contact with oxygen, nitrogen, peroxide, oxidizers and reactive metals (i.e., Aluminum, Potassium, Sodium, etc.).

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Carcinogenicity: The following ingredients are present at greater than 0.1% and are classified by IARC, NTP, or OSHA as carcinogenic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methylene Chloride</td>
<td>75-09-2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Methylene Chloride: A 1986 NTP, 2-year animal inhalation study report states that there is "clear evidence of carcinogenicity" in mice (lung and liver tumors) and female rats (mammary tumors). NTP list methylene chloride as reasonable anticipated to be a human carcinogen. IARC lists methylene chloride as a Group 2B Carcinogen (having inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in animals to evaluate carcinogenicity). Methylene chloride has been shown to cause cancer in certain laboratory animal tests. Risk to your health depends on level and duration of exposure. Prolonged exposure reduces the bloods oxygen-carrying capacity.

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

(See also Section 15 for related information)

Section 12  Ecological Information

Chemical Fate and Effects: None known

Section 13  Disposal Considerations

Recommended Waste Disposal Method: This material, when discarded or disposed of, could be a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261) due to the characteristic of ignitability (D001). The transportation, storage, treatment, and disposal of this waste must be conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 262, 263, 264, 268, and 270. Disposal can only occur in properly permitted facilities. Check state and local regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this MSDS incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate.

Section 14  Transportation Information

Regulated by the DOT: Yes

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity

Hazard Class: ORM-D

Section 15  Regulatory Information

CERCLA:
The Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification to the National Response Center for releases of quantities of Hazardous Substances equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 302.4 (for CERCLA 102).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Maximum Concentration (Wt. %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methylene Chloride</td>
<td>75-09-2</td>
<td>71%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SARA Title III, section 311/312:**
The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 355 (used for SARA 302, 304, 311 and 312).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Maximum Concentration (Wt. %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SARA Title III, section 313:**
The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372 (for SARA 313).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Maximum Concentration (Wt. %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
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<td>6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TSCA:**
The components of this mixture are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Inventory of Chemical Substances.

This product does contain chemicals that require export notification under Section 12(b) of the TSCA regulation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Maximum Concentration (Wt. %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DiPropylene Glycol-Methyl Ether</td>
<td>34590-94-8</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 16 Other Information**

**Legend:**
- **N/A:** Not Applicable
- **N/D:** Not Determined
- **N/E:** Not Established
- **N/R:** Not Required
- **Est.:** Estimated

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Zinsser Adhesive Remover (2-05-07)
cps: Centipoise
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
PPM: Parts Per Million
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
TWA: Time Weighted Average
mppcf: Million particles per cubic foot of air.

KU: Krebs Units
C: OSHA Ceiling Value
PPB: Parts Per Billion
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
mg/m³: Milligrams per cubic Meter

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (US Dept. of Labor)
RCRA: Resource Conservation and recovery Act
SARA: Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
FHSA: Federal Hazardous Substance Act

Prepared By: Zinsser Health and Safety Manager, Regulatory Compliance Dept.
173 Belmont Drive Somerset, NJ 08875 (732) 469-8100

Disclaimer: Zinsser Co., Inc. believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the
information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this material safety data sheet.
However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control,
we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of
these materials and make no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the
data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used
with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the
users’ consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability
of this information and data and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws
and regulations.