Y14T154
02 00

Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER
Y14T154

PRODUCT NAME
COLOR ACCENTS* Interior Oil-Base Semi-Gloss Enamel, Ultradeep Base

MANUFACTURER’S NAME
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 Prospect Avenue N.W.
Cleveland, OH 44115

DATE OF PREPARATION
05-MAR-06

Section 2 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by WT   CAS No.  INGREDIENT       UNITS          VAPOR PRESSURE

24        64742-88-7  Mineral Spirits
          ACGIH TLV  100 ppm
          OSHA PEL  100 ppm

7         64742-88-7  Mineral Spirits 140-Flash
          ACGIH TLV  100 ppm
          OSHA PEL  100 ppm

0.1       100-41-4  Ethylbenzene
          ACGIH TLV  100 ppm
          ACGIH TLV  125 ppm STEL
          OSHA PEL  100 ppm
          OSHA PEL  125 ppm STEL

0.2       136-52-7  Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate
          ACGIH TLV  Not Available
          OSHA PEL  Not Available

26        14808-60-7  Quartz
          ACGIH TLV  0.05 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
          OSHA PEL  0.1 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust

2         14807-96-6  Talc
          ACGIH TLV  2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
          OSHA PEL  2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust

Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE
INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.
EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE
EYES:  Irritation.
SKIN:  Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.
INHALATION:  Irritation of the upper respiratory system.
May cause nervous system depression.  Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Continued on page 2
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES:  Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN:  Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION:  If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION:  Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT                        LEL      UEL
111 F PMCC                      0.9      6.0

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.
Remove with inert absorbent.

Continued on page 3
Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY
DOL Storage Class II

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE
- Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame.
- Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.
- Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally.
- Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE
- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.
- Wash hands after using.
- This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³ (total dust), 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction).
- Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION
- Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits.
- Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
- If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.
- When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES
- Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION
- Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS
- Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Continued on page 4
Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT          9.28 lb/gal    1111 g/l
SPECIFIC GRAVITY        1.12
BOILING POINT           300 - 416 F     148 - 213 C
MELTING POINT           Not Available
VOLATILE VOLUME         48 %
EVAPORATION RATE        Slower than ether
VAPOR DENSITY           Heavier than air
SOLUBILITY IN WATER     N.A.
VOLATILE ORGANIC
COMPONENTS (VOC
Theoretical)

3.10 lb/gal  371 g/l Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents
3.10 lb/gal  371 g/l Emitted VOC

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable
CONDITIONS TO AVOID
None known
INCOMPATIBILITY
None known.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION
Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans
(2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in
laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high
ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of
cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice.
These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations.
There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly
carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data,
however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause
adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents
with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

Continued on page 5
### Section 12 −− ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data available.

### Section 13 −− DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD**

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container.

Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

### Section 14 −− TRANSPORT INFORMATION

No data available.

### Section 15 −− REGULATORY INFORMATION

**SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>CHEMICAL/COMPOUND</th>
<th>% by WT</th>
<th>% Element</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cobalt Compound</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 0.03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Continued on page 6
TSCA CERTIFICATION
All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.