SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
G181, Clear Coat Safe Polishing Compound (27-91A): G18116, G18110

Product Identification Numbers
14-1000-5836-2, 14-1000-7048-2

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Automotive, Polishing Agent/ Burnishing compound

1.3. Supplier’s details
MANUFACTURER: Meguiar’s, Inc.
DIVISION: Meguiar’s
ADDRESS: 17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614, USA
Telephone: 949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Warning
Symbols

Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements
Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary Statements
General:
Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:
Wear protective gloves.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:
IF ON SKIN:  Wash with plenty of soap and water.
If skin irritation occurs:  Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

1% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>C.A.S. No.</th>
<th>% by Wt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>64742-88-7</td>
<td>5 - 15 Trade Secret *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>64742-48-9</td>
<td>1 - 10 Trade Secret *</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air.  If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water.  Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Flush with large amounts of water.  Remove contact lenses if easy to do.  Continue rinsing.  If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth.  If you feel unwell, get medical attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon monoxide</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon dioxide</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritant Vapors or Gases</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxides of Nitrogen</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)
7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>C.A.S. No.</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Limit type</th>
<th>Additional Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha</td>
<td>64742-48-9</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA:400 mg/m3(100 ppm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha</td>
<td>64742-88-7</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA:400 mg/m3(100 ppm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum)</td>
<td>64742-88-7</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3</td>
<td>A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
AIIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association  
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines  
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average  
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit  
CEIL: Ceiling

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

##### 8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/lume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

##### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

**Eye/face protection**
Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety Glasses with side shields

**Skin/hand protection**
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer  
Nitrile Rubber

**Respiratory protection**
An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates
### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- **General Physical Form:** Liquid
- **Specific Physical Form:** Paste
- **Odor, Color, Grade:** Sweet Chemical Odor; Light Cream
- **Odor threshold:** *No Data Available*
- **pH:** 8.3
- **Melting point:** *No Data Available*
- **Boiling Point:** 380 °F
- **Flash Point:** > 200 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]
- **Evaporation rate:** *No Data Available*
- **Flammability (solid, gas):** Not Applicable
- **Flammable Limits (LEL):** *No Data Available*
- **Flammable Limits (UEL):** *No Data Available*
- **Vapor Pressure:** *No Data Available*
- **Vapor Density:** *No Data Available*
- **Density:** 1.01 g/ml
- **Specific Gravity:** 1.01 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
- **Solubility in Water:** Moderate
- **Solubility- non-water:** *No Data Available*
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water:** *No Data Available*
- **Autoignition temperature:** *No Data Available*
- **Decomposition temperature:** *No Data Available*
- **Viscosity:** 30,000 - 40,000 centipoise
- **Molecular weight:** *No Data Available*
- **Volatile Organic Compounds:** 146.45 g/l
- **Volatile Organic Compounds:** 11.08 % weight

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat
Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids
Strong bases
Strong oxidizing agents
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance                        Condition
None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:
Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eye Contact:
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall product</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No data available; calculated ATE &gt;5,000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation-Vapor</td>
<td>LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>LD50 &gt; 3,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LD50 &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Inhalation-Vapor</td>
<td>LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>LD50 &gt; 3,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LD50 &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Irritant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Irritant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No significant irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No significant irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Skin Sensitization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>In vivo</td>
<td>Not mutagenic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>In Vitro</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>In vivo</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>In Vitro</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Human and animal</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Human and animal</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Exposure Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Not classified for development</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 2.4 mg/l</td>
<td>during organogenesis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Not classified for development</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 2.4 mg/l</td>
<td>during organogenesis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Target Organ(s)</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Exposure Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>central nervous system depression</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness</td>
<td>Human and animal</td>
<td>NOAEL Not available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>respiratory irritation</td>
<td>Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification</td>
<td>Human and animal</td>
<td>NOAEL Not available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>nervous system</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>NOAEL 6.5 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Petroleum Distillates | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgement | NOAEL Not available

**HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)** | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available

**HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)** | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | NOAEL Not available

**HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)** | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l | 4 hours

**HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)** | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgement | NOAEL Not available

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Target Organ(s)</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Exposure Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>nervous system</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LOAEL 4.6 mg/l</td>
<td>6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>kidney and/or bladder</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LOAEL 1.9 mg/l</td>
<td>13 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>respiratory system</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Multiple animal species</td>
<td>NOAEL 0.6 mg/l</td>
<td>90 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 5.6 mg/l</td>
<td>12 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>heart</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Multiple animal species</td>
<td>NOAEL 1.3 mg/l</td>
<td>90 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</strong></td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>nervous system</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LOAEL 4.6 mg/l</td>
<td>6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</strong></td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>kidney and/or bladder</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>LOAEL 1.9 mg/l</td>
<td>13 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</strong></td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>respiratory system</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Multiple animal species</td>
<td>NOAEL 0.6 mg/l</td>
<td>90 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</strong></td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>NOAEL 5.6 mg/l</td>
<td>12 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</strong></td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>heart</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
<td>Multiple animal species</td>
<td>NOAEL 1.3 mg/l</td>
<td>90 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration Hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HYDROTREATED HEAVY NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)</strong></td>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.
Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

General Transportation Statement This product does not require classification by DOT, IATA, ICAO or IMDG.

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the SDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:
Physical Hazards
Not applicable

Health Hazards
Skin Corrosion or Irritation

15.2. State Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations
Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2  Flammability: 1  Instability: 0  Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue Date:</th>
<th>Version Number:</th>
<th>Supercedes Date:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12/28/17</td>
<td>7.02</td>
<td>07/17/15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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