Amazing GOOP Trim Repair

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Trade name: Amazing GOOP Trim Repair
Product code: 1000132AGTR
Date of issue/Date of revision: 5/6/2015
Supplier: Eclectic Products Inc.
1075 Arrowsmith
Eugene, OR  97402
541-484-9621

Responsible name: Regulatory Compliance
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation):
CALL INFOTRAC
800-535-5053
001-352-323-3500
24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Adhesive.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture:
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statements: Causes skin and eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements
General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage: Store locked up.
Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazard not otherwise classified: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 5/6/2015
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ingredient name</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>60-100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Styrene Butadiene Copolymer</td>
<td>10-30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**
- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**
- Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**
- Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**
- Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**
- Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation**
- Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact**
- Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**
- Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness

**Inhalation**
- No specific data.

**Skin contact**
- Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

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- 5/6/2015
Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- halogenated compounds
- carbonyl halides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark : Non-flammable mixture.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/6/2015
**Section 6. Accidental release measures**

**Small spill**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

**Section 7. Handling and storage**

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td><strong>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen. Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124) :36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL. Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 685 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 170 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: See Table Z-2.</strong></td>
<td>TWA: 170 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006).</strong></td>
<td>AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CEIL: 200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Appropriate engineering controls**: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state**: Liquid.

**Color**: Clear.

**Odor**: Not available.

**pH**: Not available.

**Boiling point**: 121.11°C (250°F)

**Flash point**: Closed cup: None. [Setaflash. ASTM D3828]

**Flammability**: Non-flammable mixture.

**Evaporation rate**: <1 (Water = 1)

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Not available.

**Vapor pressure**: 1.7 kPa (13 mm Hg) [room temperature]

**Vapor density**: >1 [Air = 1]
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Specific gravity : 1.37
Solubility : Very slightly soluble in the following materials: water.
VOC (wt%) : 0.1%
Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability : The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid : No specific data.
Incompatible materials : No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2629 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 milligrams 162</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 milligrams 24 hours 810</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 milligrams 24 hours 810</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 milligrams 24 hours 810</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Styrene Butadiene Copolymer</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization
Not available.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Carcinogenicity
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2A</td>
<td>NTP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity
Not available.

Teratogenicity
Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure
Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity
Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>3699.8 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>Acute EC50 200 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Algae - Skeletonema costatum</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 &gt;500000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 7500 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar Crustaceans</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Elminius modestus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Jordanella floridana - Algae</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic EC10 1.77 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC &gt;0.4 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 500 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae</td>
<td>32 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
Not available.

Other adverse effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>1897</td>
<td>1897</td>
<td>1897</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene mixture</td>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene mixture</td>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene mixture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>Eligible to be shipped as limited quantity: &lt; 1 gal</td>
<td>Eligible to be shipped as limited quantity. See applicable regulations.</td>
<td>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of =5 L or =5 kg.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 311/312 Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA 313 Classification: Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Section 15. Regulatory information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetrachloroethylene</td>
<td>127-18-4</td>
<td>60-100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**California Prop. 65**

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Ingredient name**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tetrachloroethylene</th>
<th>Cancer</th>
<th>Reproductive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WHMIS (Canada)**

: Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).

: Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

: Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canada inventory**

: All components are listed or exempted.

**International regulations**

**International lists**

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

: China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

: Japan inventory: Not determined.

: Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

: Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

: Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

: Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

**EU Inventory**

: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability/Reactivity</th>
<th>Special</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Key to abbreviations**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

: GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

: IATA = International Air Transport Association

: IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

: IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

: UN = United Nations

**References**

: Not available.

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

**Date of issue/Date of revision**

: 5/6/2015