Material Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: D120, Glass Cleaner Concentrate (DX-15C): D12001, D12005, D12025
MANUFACTURER: Meguiar's, Inc.
DIVISION: Meguiar's
ADDRESS: 17991 Mitchell South, Irvine, CA 92614
Telephone: 949-752-8000 (Fax: 949-752-5784)

EMERGENCY PHONE: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

Issue Date: 12/22/11
Supersedes Date: 09/27/11
Document Group: 26-8367-0

Product Use:
- Intended Use: Automotive
- Specific Use: Glass cleaner

SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>C.A.S. No.</th>
<th>% by Wt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WATER</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>30 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-BUTOXYETHANOL</td>
<td>111-76-2</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: Sweet chemical odor; Dark blue liquid
General Physical Form: Liquid
Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. May cause target organ effects.

3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS
Eye Contact:
Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Skin Contact:
Moderate Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Inhalation:
Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May be absorbed following inhalation and cause target organ effects.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

Target Organ Effects:
Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Blood Effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalized weakness and fatigue, skin pallor, changes in blood clotting time, internal bleeding, and/or hemoglobinemia.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.
Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and clean shoes before reuse.
Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.
If Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No Data Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>85 °F [Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] [Details: D93-90]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Limits(LEL)</td>
<td>No Data Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Limits(UEL)</td>
<td>No Data Available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).
5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Remove all ignition sources such as flames, smoking materials, and electrical spark sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard.

6.2. Environmental precautions
For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

Clean-up methods
Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 HANDLING
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Ground containers securely when transferring contents. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Do not spray near flames or sources of ignition. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid static discharge. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Avoid skin contact.

7.2 STORAGE
Store away from acids. Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from areas where product may come into contact with food or pharmaceuticals. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS
Use in a well-ventilated area. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection
Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Indirect Vented Goggles.

8.2.2 Skin Protection
Not applicable. Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber.

8.2.3 Respiratory Protection
Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Select one of the following NIOSH approved respirators based on airborne concentration of contaminants and in accordance with OSHA regulations: Fullface air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and N95 particulate prefilters.

Select and use respiratory protection to prevent an inhalation exposure based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your respirator manufacturer for selection of appropriate types of respirators.

8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Authority</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Limit</th>
<th>Additional Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-BUTOXYETHANOL</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-BUTOXYETHANOL</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>240 mg/m3</td>
<td>Skin Notation*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>980 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Substance(s) refer to the potential contribution to the overall exposure by the cutaneous route including mucous membrane and eye, either by airborne or, more particularly, by direct contact with the substance. Vehicles can alter skin absorption.

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor, Color, Grade: Sweet chemical odor; Dark blue liquid
General Physical Form: Liquid
Autoignition temperature: No Data Available
Flash Point: 85 °F [Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] [Details: D93-90]
Flammable Limits(LEL): No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL): No Data Available
Boiling Point: 180 °F
Density: 0.77 g/cm3
Vapor Density: No Data Available
Vapor Density: No Data Available
Vapor Pressure: No Data Available

Specific Gravity: 0.77 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
pH: 7.2 - 7.8
Melting point: Not Applicable

Solubility in Water: Complete Volatile
Organic Compounds: 42.00 % weight
Kow - Oct/Water partition coef: No Data Available
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents: 591.70 g/l
Viscosity: No Data Available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid:
10.1 Conditions to avoid
Sparks and/or flames
Heat

10.2 Materials to avoid
Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon monoxide</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon dioxide</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritant Vapors or Gases</td>
<td>During Combustion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Not determined.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOTG:
1 Gallon: Limited Quantity
5/250 Gallon: UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (2-Butoxyethanol and Isopropyl Alcohol), 3, III

DOTW:
1/5 to 250 Gallon: UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (2-Butoxyethanol and Isopropyl Alcohol), 3, III, +029C

IATA:
1/5 Gallon: UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S., (2-Butoxyethanol and Isopropyl Alcohol), 3, III
250 Gallon: Package size exceeds IATA quantity limitations

IMO:
1/5 to 250 Gallon: UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (2-Butoxyethanol and Isopropyl Alcohol), 3, III, +029C

ID Number(s):
14-1000-0201-4, 14-1000-0202-2, 14-1000-7286-8

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS
Contact manufacturer for more information

311/312 Hazard Categories:
Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>C.A.S. No</th>
<th>% by Wt</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-BUTOXYETHANOL (GLYCOL ETHERS)</td>
<td>111-76-2</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
STATE REGULATIONS
Contact manufacturer for more information

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact manufacturer for more information

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS
Contact manufacturer for more information

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification
    Health: 2  Flammability: 3  Reactivity: 0  Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

No revisions available

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