

FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:

FOR ALL MSDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:

1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2970) 1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-703-527-3887) 1-800-511-MSDS (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2347)

### PRODUCT NAME: HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES EPA Registration Number: 1258-1237

# **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Arch Chemicals, Inc. 501 Merritt 7 PO Box 5204 Norwalk, CT 06856-5204 REVISION DATE: SUPERCEDES:

MSDS Number: SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FAMILY: DESCRIPTION / USE FORMULA: 00000000761 None Hypochlorite Mixture swimming pool sanitizer Not Applicable/Mixture

10/08/2010

08/28/2009

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

 

 OSHA Hazard Classification:
 Toxic by inhalation., Corrosive to eyes and skin, Lung toxin

 Routes of Entry:
 Inhalation, skin, eyes, ingestion

Chemical Interactions: Medical Conditions Aggravated: Inhalation, skin, eyes, ingestion No known or reported interactions. Asthma, respiratory and cardiovascular disease

Human Threshold Response Data

Odor ThresholdApproximately 2.0 mg/m3 (based on odor threshold of chlorine)Irritation ThresholdApproximately 18-31 mg/m3 (based on irritation threshold of chlorine)



### Hazardous Materials Identification System / National Fire Protection Association Classifications

Hazard Ratings :	<u>Health</u>	Flammability	Physical / Instability	<u>PPI / Special</u> <u>hazard.</u>
HMIS	3	0	1	
NFPA	3	0	1	OX - NFPA Oxidizer Class: Meets the criteria of an NFPA Class 1 Oxidizer

### Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

Inhalation Toxicity:	HARMFUL IF PRODUCT IS INHALED IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS.
	CAUSES BURNS TO RESPIRATORY TRACT. Inhalation of dust or
	vapor from this product can be irritating to the nose, mouth, throat and
	lungs. In confined areas, mechanical agitation can result in high levels
	of dust, and reaction with incompatible materials (as listed in Section 10)
	can result in high concentrations of chlorine vapor, either of which may
	result in burns to the respiratory tract, producing lung edema, shortness
	of breath, wheezing, choking, chest pains, impairment of lung function and possible permanent lung damage.
Skin Toxicity:	DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION. WET
Skill Toxicity:	MATERIAL CAUSES SKIN BURNS. Dermal exposure to dry material
	causes moderate skin irritation characterized by redness and swelling.
	Dermal exposure to wet material can cause severe irritation and/or
	burns characterized by redness, swelling and scab formation. Prolonged
	skin exposure may cause permanent damage.
Eye Toxicity:	CAUSES BURNS TO EYES. Severe irritation and/or burns can occur
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	following eye exposure. Direct contact may cause impairment of vision
	and corneal damage.
Ingestion Toxicity:	MODERATELY TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES BURNS TO
	DIGESTIVE TRACT. Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire
	gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines,
	characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding,
	and/or tissue ulceration or perforation. Significant exposure to this
	material can lead to serious health effects and/or death.
Acute Target Organ Toxicity:	This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation,
	may cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract., The
	dry material is irritating to the skin. However when wet, it will produce
	burns to the skin.
Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effe	cts

#### Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity:	This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA.
HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES	8

ÁRCH.	Arch Chemicals, Inc.	MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
Reproductive and	No reproductive or developmental risl	k to humans is expected from
Developmental Toxicity:	exposure to this product.	
Inhalation:	Repeated inhalation exposure may ca	ause impairment of lung function
Skin Contact:	and permanent lung damage.	nours in addition obtania
Skin Contact.	Effects similar to those from acute exposure to wet material may cause e	
	destruction.	enects secondary to tissue
Ingestion:	There are no known or reported effec	ts from chronic ingestion except for
-	effects similar to those experienced fr	om single exposure. The acute
	corrosivity of this product, makes chro	onic ingestion of significant
	amounts unlikely.	
Sensitization:	This material is not known or reported sensitizer.	to be a skin or respiratory
Chronic Target Organ Toxicity:	There are no known or reported effec	ts from repeated exposure except
enterne rarget ergan rokietty.	those secondary to burns.	
Supplemental Health Hazard	No additional health information availa	able.
Information :		

# **3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	<u>% RANGE</u>
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	7778-54-3	40 - 55
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7647-14-5	5 - 15
CALCIUM CHLORATE	10137-74-3	0 - 4
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	10043-52-4	0 - 4
	1005 00 0	
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	0 - 5
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	0 - 4
	ו־דע־ו <i>ו</i> ד	U - T
MAGNESIUM SULFATE HEPTAHYDRATE	10034-99-8	25 - 35
HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES		
REV/ISION DATE · 10/08/2010	Page 3 of 16	



Water

7732-18-5

17 - 22

### **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General Advice:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
Inhalation:	IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Skin Contact:	IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Eye Contact:	IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Ingestion:	IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Notes to Physician:	Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

# **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammability Summary (OSHA):	This product contains an ingredient (calcium hypochlorite) which is both a strong oxidizer and is chemically reactive with many substances. Strong oxidizers are capable of intensifying a fire once started. Because of this, any contamination of the product with other substances by spill or otherwise should be avoided. Also see section 7., Product is not known to be flammable, combustible or pyrophoric., NFPA Oxidizer Class: Meets the criteria of an NFPA Class 1 Oxidizer	
<u>Flammable Properties</u> Flash Point: Autoignition Temperature: Extinguishing Media: Fire Fighting Instructions:	Not applicable Not applicable Water only. Do not use dry extinguishers containing ammonium compounds. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. See Section 6 for protective equipment for fire fighting.	
HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES REVISION DATE : 10/08/2010	Page 4 of 16	



Upper Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air: Not applicable Lower Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air:

Not applicable

### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal Protection for Emergency Situations:	Response to a large quantity spill (100 pounds or greater) or when dusting or decomposition gas exposure could occur requires the use of a positive pressure full face supplied air repirator or self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and boots. In case of fire, this personal protective equipment should be used in addition to normal fire fighter equipment.
Spill Mitigation Procedures Air Release:	Vapors may be suppressed by the use of water fog. All water utilized to assist in fume suppression, decontamination or fire suppression may be contaminated and must be contained before disposal and/or treatment.
Water Release:	This product is heavier than water. This material is soluble in water. Monitor all exit water for available chlorine and pH. Advise local authorities of any contaminated water release.
Land Release:	Contact 1-800-654-6911 immediately. DANGER: All spills of this product should be treated as contaminated. Contaminated product may initiate a chemical reaction that may spontaneously ignite any combustible material present, resulting in a fire of great intensity. In case of a spill, separate all spilled product from packaging, debris and other material. Using a clean broom or shovel, place all spilled product into plastic bags, and place those bags into a clean, dry disposal container, properly marked and labeled. Disposal containers made of plastic or metal are recommended. Do not seal disposal containers tightly. Immediately remove all product in disposal containers to an isolated area outdoors. Place all damaged packaging material in a disposal container of water to assure decontamination (i.e. removal of all product) before disposal. Place all undamaged packaging in a clean, dry container properly marked and labeled. Call for disposal procedures.
Additional Spill Information :	Hazardous concentrations in air may be found in local spill area and immediately downwind. Remove all sources of ignition. Stop source of spill as soon as possible and notify appropriate personnel. Dispose of spill residues per guidelines under Section 13, Disposal Consideration. This material may be neutralized for disposal; you are requested to contact Arch Chemicals at 1-800-654-6911 before beginning any such procedure. FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 10 lbs. (as calcium hypochlorite) per 40 CFR 302.4.



### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Storage:	Keep product tightly sealed in original containers. Store product in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from combustible or flammable products. Keep product packaging clean and free of all contamination, including, e.g. other pool treatment products, acids, organic materials, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials, etc.
Shelf Life Limitations:	Do not store product where the average daily temperature exceeds 95° F. Storage above this temperature may result in rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas and heat sufficient to ignite combustible products. Shelf life (that is, the period of time before the product goes below stated label strength) is determined by storage time and temperatures. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Prolonged storage at elevated temperatures will significantly shorten the shelf life. Storage in a climate controlled storage area or building is recommended in those areas where extremes of high temperature occur.
Incompatible Materials for Storage:	Do not allow product to come in contact with other materials, including e.g. other pool treatment products, acids, organic materials, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials, etc A chemical reaction with such substances can cause a fire.
Do Not Store At temperatures Above	<ul> <li>Average daily temperature of 35° C / 95° F. Storage above this temperature may result in rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas and heat sufficient to ignite combustible products.</li> </ul>

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation:

Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to keep airborne exposures below the TLV, PEL or other recommended exposure limit.

Protective Equipment for Routine Use of Product

HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES REVISION DATE : 10/08/2010



Respiratory Protection :	Wear a NIOSH appro possible.	ved respirator if level	s above the exposure limits are
Respirator Type :	A NIOSH approved for combination chlorine.	/P100 cartridges. Air ient or IDLH atmosph	espirator equipped with purifying respirators should not be eres or if exposure concentrations
Skin Protection :	Wear impervious glov	es to avoid skin cont	act. A full impervious suit is large portion of the body.
Eye Protection:	Use chemical goggle	S.	
Protective Clothing Type:	0.00		udes: gloves, boots, apron,
rotective clothing rype.		, Neoprene (This inci	dues. gioves, boots, apron,
	protective suit)		
General Protective	An eye wash and safe	ety snower should be	provided in the immediate work
Measures:	area.		
Exposure Limit Data			
CHEMICAL NAME	CAS #	Name of Limit	Exposure
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE		ARCH-ROEG*	
	1110-04-0	ARCH-ROEG	1 mg/m3 TWA
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	7778-54-3	NIOSH-IDLH	37 - 48 mg/m3 based on IDLH
			concentration of chlorine
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	ACGIH	5 mg/m3 TWA
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	OSHA Z1	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	OSHA Z1	5 mg/m3 TWA respirable

	1303-02-0	USHA ZT	fraction
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	OSHA Z1	15 mg/m3 TWA Total dust
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	OSHA Z1	5 mg/m3 TWA respirable dust fraction

\*ARCH-ROEG: Arch Recommended Occupational Exposure Guideline.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Form Color:	solid granules white
Odor:	Chlorine-like
Molecular Weight:	(Active ingredient)143.00
Specific Gravity :	Not applicable
pH :	10 - 10.8 (1% solution in neutral, distilled water)
	(@ 25 Deg. C)
Boiling Point:	Not applicable
HTH® CHI ORINATING GRANULES	

HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES REVISION DATE : 10/08/2010

Page 7 of 16



Freezing Point:	Not applicable
Melting Point:	Not applicable
Density:	0.8g/cc
Vapor Pressure:	(@ 25 Deg. C) Not applicable
Vapor Density:	Not applicable
Viscosity:	Not applicable
Fat Solubility:	No data
Solubility in Water:	18 % (@ 25 Deg. C) Product also contains
	calcium hydroxide and calcium carbonate which
	will leave a residue.
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water:	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable
Oxidizing:	Product has oxidizing properties.
Volatiles, % by vol.:	Not applicable
VOC Content	Not applicable
HAP Content	Not applicable

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability and Reactivity Summary:	Product is not sensitive to mechanical shock or impact. Product is not sensitive to electrical static discharge. Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization. Product is an NFPA Class 1 oxidizer. Not pyrophoric. Not an organic peroxide. If subjected to excessive temperatures, the product may undergo rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas, and heat sufficient to ignite combustible substances. If product is exposed to small amounts of water, it can react violently to produce heat and toxic gases and spatter. Use copious amounts of water for fires involving this product.
Conditions to Avoid:	Do not store next to heat source, in direct sunlight, or elevated storage temperature. Do not store where the daily average temperature exceeds 95 °F. Prevent ingress of humidity and moisture into container or package. Always close the lid.
Chemical Incompatibility:	This product is chemically reactive with many substances, including, e.g., other pool treatment products, acids, organics, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, corrosive, flammable or combustible materials. Do not allow product to contact any foreign matter, including other water treatment products. Contamination or improper use may cause a fire, explosion or the release of toxic gases. If product is exposed to small amounts of water, it can react violently to produce heat and toxic gases and spatter.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposition Temperature:	Chlorine 170 - 180 DEG°C - , 338 - 356 DEG°F-



### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Component Animal Toxic Oral LD50 value: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	ology LD50 (65% calcium hypochlorite) 850 mg/kg Rat LD50 = 3,000 mg/kg Rat LD50 = 1,000 mg/kg Rat LD50 = 7,340 mg/kg Rat
Component Animal Toxic Dermal LD50 value: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	ology LD50 (65% calcium hypochlorite) > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 = 2,630 mg/kg Rat No data
Component Animal Toxic Inhalation LC50 value: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	ology Inhalation LC50 1 h (65% calcium hypochlorite), (Nose Only) = 2.04 MG/L Rat Inhalation LC50 4 h (65% calcium hypochlorite), (Nose Only) = 0.51 MG/L Rat Inhalation LC50 1 h > 42 MG/L Rat No data No data
Product Animal Toxicity	

Product Animal Toxicit	Y		
Oral LD50 value:	LD50 Approximately 1,200 mg/kg Rat		
Dermal LD50 value:	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit		
Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 1 h (Nose Only) > 2.04 MG/L Rat Inhalation LC50 4 h (Nose		
<u>value</u> :	Only) > 0.51 MG/L Rat		
Skin Irritation:	DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION., WET MATERIAL		
	CAUSES SKIN BURNS.		
Eye Irritation:	Corrosive to eyes.		
Skin Sensitization:	This material is not known or reported to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.		
Acute Toxicity:	This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, may cause		
irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. The dry material is irritating to			
HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES			



Subchronic / Chronic	ne skin. However when wet, it will produce burns to the skin. here are no known or reported effects from repeated exposure except those econdary to burns.		
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:	Calcium hypochlorite has been tested for teratogenicity in laboratory animals. Results of this study have shown that calcium hypochlorite is not a teratogen.		
CALCIUM CHLC	RIDE Not known or reported to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity.		
Mutagenicity: CALCIUM CHLC	Calcium hypochlorite has been tested in the Dominant lethal assay in male mice, and it did not induce a dominant lethal response. Calcium hypochlorite has been reported to produce mutagenic activity in two in vitro assays. It has, however, been shown to lack the capability to produce mutations in animals based on results from the micronucleus assay. In vitro assays frequently are inappropriate to judge the mutagenic potential of bactericidal chemicals due to a high degree of cellular toxicity. The concentration which produces mutations in these in vitro assays is significantly greater than the concentrations used for disinfection. Based on high cellular toxicity in in vitro assays and the lack of mutagenicity in animals, the risk of genetic damage to humans is judged not significant. DRIDE This product was determined to be non-mutagenic in the Ames assay. It was also shown to be non-		
	clastogenic in the chromosomal aberration test.		
Carcinogenicity:	This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA. One hundred mice were exposed dermally 3 times a week for 18 months to a solution of calcium hypochlorite. Histopathological examination failed to show an increased incidence of tumors. IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) reviewed studies conducted with several hypochlorite salts. IARC has classified hypochlorite salts as having inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity to humans and animals. IARC therefore considers hypochlorite salts to be not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3 Substance).		
CALCIUM CHLC			

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Overview: Highly toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms.

Ecological Toxicity Values - Product:

HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES REVISION DATE : 10/08/2010



Bluegill	<ul> <li>(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 Approximately 0.12 mg/l Based on extrapolation from studies using calcium hypochlorite.</li> </ul>
Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri),	<ul> <li>(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 Approximately 0.22 mg/l Based on extrapolation from studies using calcium hypochlorite.</li> </ul>
Daphnia magna,	<ul> <li>(nominal, static). 48 h LC50Approximately 0.15 mg/l Based on extrapolation from studies using calcium hypochlorite.</li> </ul>
Bobwhite quail	<ul> <li>LC50 &gt; 7,000 ppm Based on extrapolation from studies using calcium hypochlorite.</li> </ul>
Mallard ducklings	<ul> <li>LC50 &gt; 7,000 ppm Based on extrapolation from studies using calcium hypochlorite.</li> </ul>
Bobwhite quail	<ul> <li>LD50 Approximately 4,800 mg/kg Based on extrapolation from studies using calcium hypochlorite.</li> </ul>

### Ecological Toxicity Values for: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Bluegill	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 0.088 mg/l
Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri),	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 0.16 mg/l
Daphnia magna,	-	(nominal, static). 48 h LC50 0.11 mg/l
Bobwhite quail	-	Dietary LC50 > 5,000 ppm
Mallard ducklings	-	Dietary LC50 > 5,000 ppm
Bobwhite quail	-	Oral LD50 3,474 mg/kg

#### Ecological Toxicity Values for: CALCIUM CHLORIDE

	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 10,650 mg/l
-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 13,400 mg/l
-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 4,630 mg/l
_	(nominal, static). 48 h LC50= 2,770 mg/l
	(nominal, static). 48 h LC50= 1,830 mg/l
-	(nominal, static). 5 day LC50 = 3,130 mg/l
	- - -



### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Waste Disposal Summary :	If this product becomes a waste, it DOES NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261, in that it does not exhibit the characteristics of hazardous waste of Subpart C, nor is it listed as a hazardous waste under Subpart D.
Disposal Methods :	As a nonhazardous waste, it should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
Potential US EPA Waste Codes :	Not applicable

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (US DOT):NA3077 OTHER REGULATED SUBSTANCES, SOLID, NOS (CALCIUM<br/>HYPOCHLORITE) 9 IIIWater (IMDG):UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.,<br/>(CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE) 9 III MARINE POLLUTANT

 Air (IATA):
 Flash Point: Not applicable

 UN3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE) 9 III

 Emergency Response Guide Number:
 ERG # 171



Transportation Notes:

THIS MATERIAL IS REGULATED AS A DOT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL ONLY IF PACKING CONTAINS 10 POUNDS OR GREATER OF CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE. Under specific circumstances, this product can ship under two transport exceptions, Limited Quantity or Consumer Commodity. See Bill of Lading for proper shipping description. This material does not meet the definition of a DOT class 5.1 oxidizer. Material is not regulated as a marine pollutant for ground transportation within the US if shipped in non-bulk packages.

EMS:

F-A, S-F

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): EPA Pesticide Registration Number:	This is an EPA registered pesticide. 1258-1237	
FIFRA Listing of Pesticide Chemicals (40 CFR 180):	This product is regulated under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. It must be used for purposes consistent with its labeling.	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:		

Hazard Categories Sections 311 / 312 (40 CFR 370.2):

Health	Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard
Physical	None

### Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know (40 CFR 355, App. A):

Extremely Hazardous Substance Section 302 - Three ZUS_SAR302 TPQ (threshold planning quantity)		eshold Planning Quantity: None established
	(49 CFR 172.101, Appendix): Reportable quantity	Calcium hypochlorite Value: 10lbs
ZUS_SAR302	Reportable quantity	None established

### Supplier Notification Requirements (40 CFR 372.45), 313 Reportable Components

ZUS_SAR313	De minimis concentration
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None established

HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES REVISION DATE : 10/08/2010

Page 13 of 16



Clean Air Act Toxic ARP Section 112r: CAA 112R None established

Clean Air Act Socmi: HON SOC None established

Clean Air Act VOC Section 111: CAA 111 None established

Clean Air Act Haz. Air Pollutants Section 112:ZUS\_CAAHAPNone established

ZUS_CAAHRP	None established

CAA AP None established

### State Right-to-Know Regulations Status of Ingredients

#### Pennsylvania:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME	
10137-74-3	CALCIUM CHLORATE	
1305-62-0	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	
7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	

ZUSPA\_RTK

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 CHLORIC ACID, CALCIUM SALT

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 CALCIUM HYDROXIDE

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, CALCIUM SALT Environmental hazard

New Jersey:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
10137-74-3	CALCIUM CHLORATE
1305-62-0	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE
7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

HTH® CHLORINATING GRANULES REVISION DATE : 10/08/2010

Page 14 of 16



#### ZUSNJ\_RTK

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 CALCIUM CHLORATE CHLORIC ACID, CALCIUM SALT

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 CALCIUM HYDROXIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (Ca(OH)2) HYDRATED LIME

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, CALCIUM SALT BLEACHING POWDER

#### Massachusetts:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME	
10137-74-3	CALCIUM CHLORATE	
1305-62-0	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	
7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	

ZUSMA\_RTK

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 CALCIUM CHLORATE

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1994-04-01 CALCIUM HYDROXIDE

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

#### **California Proposition 65:**

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME	
	None established	
ZUSCA_P65	None established	



WHMIS Hazard Classification:

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent 991 Calcium hydroxide

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

MSDS REVISION STATUS : SECTIONS REVISED: Major References :

1 Available upon request.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. ARCH CHEMICALS BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS MSDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT ARCH CHEMICALS MSDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT.