This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) was requested moments ago from Hercules Automated Fax Information System. Please forward it immediately to the person in charge of MSDS's, or retain it at the machine until claimed.

Section 1

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET # 67
Hercules Plastic Pipe Cleaner


Hercules Chemical Company Inc.
111 South Street
Passaic NJ 07055
Phone (800) 221-9330
Fax (800) 333-3456

Section 2 - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s), CAS Numbers)  OSHA PEL  ACGIH TLV  Other Limits  Upper Bound Limit if SARA Reportable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>Other Limits</th>
<th>Upper Bound Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)</td>
<td>200PPM</td>
<td>200PPM</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone (67-64-1)</td>
<td>1000PPM</td>
<td>500PPM</td>
<td>750 STEL</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS Hazard Rating:  Health: 3  Flammability:4  Reactivity: 1  Personal Protection: G

Section 3 - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point (°F):  Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):  Vapor Density (Air = 1):  Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):

133 (Based on first boiling component-Acetone) 0.79 ± 0.02 2.0 to 2.5 400 @ 104° F Based on first boiling component-Acetone

Melting Point (°F):  Evaporation Rate: (Butyl Acetate = 1)  Solubility in Water:  VOC Level (g/l):

N/A 7-11 60% to 95% 100

Appearance And Color: Clear Liquid  Odor: Ethereal & Acetone-like

Section 4 - Fire And Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: -4° F T.C.C. (Based on Acetone)  Flammable Limits:  LEL:  UEL:

2% 13%

Extinguishing Media: Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon Dioxide

Special Firefighting Procedures: Handle as flammable liquid, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical goggles. Water may be ineffective but should be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Vapor is heavier than air and travels considerable distance to source of ignition and flashback.

Continued on Next Page
### Section 5 - Reactivity Data

| Stability:  | Stable |
| Conditions To Avoid: | Keep in closed containers away from sparks and open flame. |
| Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): | Strong oxidizing materials, Lithium Aluminum Hydride, Sodium Aluminum Hydroxide, Sodium & Potassium Hydroxides. |
| Hazardous Decomposition: | Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide are formed. Irritating Peroxide fumes formed when heated to decomposition. |
| Hazardous Polymerization: | Avoid excessive exposure to air and cationic initiators like Lewis Acids. |

### Section 6 - Health Hazard Data

#### Routes of Entry:
- Inhalation: YES/Primary
- Skin: YES/Primary
- Ingestion: YES/Secondary

#### Health Hazards:
Corrosive to eyes and skin irritant. Severe overexposure can cause headache, dizziness and narcosis. May cause dermatosis and dermatitis with prolonged skin contact.

#### Carcinogenicity:
- NTP: NO
- IARC: NO
- OSHA Regulated: NO

#### Signs And Symptoms of Exposure:
**INGESTION:** No effects of exposure expected. **INHALATION:** Will cause irritation of mucous membranes, nose, eyes, and throat, coughing, difficulty in breathing. Exposure to high vapor concentration may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, narcosis. **SKIN CONTACT:** Prolonged contact causes common solvent defatting effect. **EYE CONTACT:** Vapors slightly uncomfortable, splashes irritating. Will cause painful burning or stinging of eyes and lids, watering of eyes and inflammation of conjunctiva.

**Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure:**
No data found

#### Emergency And First Aid Procedures:
**INGESTION:** DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious, dilute by giving two glasses of water. Call a physician immediately. **INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Call a physician. **SKIN CONTACT:** Wash affected skin area with soapy water. Remove contaminated clothing. **EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

*Continued on Next Page*
Section 7 - Precautions For Safe Handling And Use:

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:
Eliminate sources of ignition. Absorb with sand or inert absorbing material and dispose of with solid waste according to federal, state and local regulations. Flush spill area with water, avoid flushing into confined areas.

Waste Disposal Method:
Incinerate in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:
Store in cool place, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flame and sources of ignition.

Other Precautions:
Use normal good personal hygiene

Section 8 - Control Measures:

Respiratory Protection:
In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.

Ventilation:  
Local Exhaust: As required
Mechanical: All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.
Special: When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.
Other: N/A

Gloves: PVA gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles

Other Protective Clothing: Apron, boots, eye bath, safety shower.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid ingestion of the cements. Do not eat or drink when using cements or in the vicinity where such cements are being used.