Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

This Material Safety Data Sheet is available in Canadian French and Hispanic American Spanish upon request.
On peut demander cette fiche signalétique (MSDS) a la langue française-canadienne.
Los Datos de Serguridad del Producto pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo riquiere.

Product Name: Dynaflex 230 - Clear
Product UPC Number: 070798183056, 070798183186, 070798183575
Product Use/Class: Latex Caulk
Manufacturer: DAP Inc.
2400 Boston Street Suite 200
Baltimore, MD 21224-4723
888-327-8477 (non-emergency matters)

Revision Date: 03/16/2009
Supersedes: 02/12/2007
MSDS Number: 00010020001

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview: A white (changes to clear as it cures) paste product with a very slight ammonia odor. WARNING! May cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. This product contains ethylene glycol.

Refer to other MSDS sections for other detailed information.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause skin irritation. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis, drying and defatting due to the solvent properties.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of mist or dried residue causes irritation of respiratory system.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and if ingested in sufficient quantities, death. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. If ingested, may cause vomiting, diarrhea, and depressed respiration.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin, respiratory, kidney and liver damage. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting of the skin, which may lead to dermatitis. Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause irritation and possibly dermatitis. Prolonged, repeated, or high exposures may cause weakness and depression of the central nervous system.
Formaldehyde vapor is a known animal carcinogen according to OSHA and NTP and is considered possibly carcinogenic to humans by inhalation. The International Agency for Research on Cancer considers formaldehyde to be a human carcinogen.

Ethylene Glycol may cause kidney and liver damage upon prolonged and repeated overexposures. Studies have shown that repeated inhalation of ethylene glycol has produced adverse cardiovascular changes in laboratory animals. Ethylene glycol has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Primary Route(s) Of Entry:** Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

**Medical Conditions which May be Aggravated by Exposure:** None known.

**Carcinogenicity:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Section 3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>Wt%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>107-21-1</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>&lt;0.06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

**First Aid - Eye Contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

**First Aid - Skin Contact:** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist. In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Remove and wash contaminated clothing.

**First Aid - Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued breathing difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately. First Aid: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

**First Aid - Ingestion:** If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

**Note to Physician:** None.

**COMMENTS:** If over-exposure occurs, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

**Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

**Extinguishing Media:** Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

**Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards:** No special protective measures against fire required.

**Special Firefighting Procedures:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.
Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Wear proper protective equipment as specified in Section 8. If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Section 7 - Handling And Storage

Handling: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Open all windows and doors or use other means to ensure cross-ventilation and fresh air entry during application and drying. Odor is not an adequate warning for hazardous conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage: Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Store containers away from excessive heat and freezing. Close container after each use. Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>ACGIH TWA</th>
<th>ACGIH STEL</th>
<th>ACGIH CEIL</th>
<th>OSHA TWA</th>
<th>OSHA STEL</th>
<th>OSHA CEIL</th>
<th>Skin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>107-21-1</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>100 mg/m³</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
<td>0.75 ppm</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td>N.E.</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exposure Notes:

50-00-0 Formaldehyde is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exits. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1048. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to 29 CFR 1910.1048.

Precautionary Measures: Please refer to other sections and subsections of this MSDS.

Engineering Controls: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Local ventilation of emission sources may be necessary to maintain ambient concentrations below recommended exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be necessary under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Skin Protection: Rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Other protective equipment: Not required under normal use.

Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Important: Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); these limits may vary between states.

Note: An employee's skin exposure to substances having a "YES" in the "SKIN" column in the table above shall be prevented or reduced to the extent necessary under the circumstances through the use of gloves, coveralls, goggles or other appropriate personal protective equipment, engineering controls or work practices.

Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties

Boiling Range: Not Established

Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
When reported, vapor pressure of this product has been calculated theoretically based on its constituent makeup and has not been determined experimentally.

Conditions To Avoid:
Excessive heat and freezing.

Incompatibility:
Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx.

Hazardous Polymerization:
Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability:
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Product LD50: Not Established
Product LC50: Not Established

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CASRN</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>LD50</th>
<th>LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>107-21-1</td>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>Rat:4700 mg/kg</td>
<td>Rat:10876 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>Rat:203 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Significant Data with Possible Relevance to Humans:
This product contains trace amounts of free formaldehyde. OSHA and NTP identify formaldehyde as a potential carcinogen. IARC identifies formaldehyde as a human carcinogen. Formaldehyde has been shown to cause mutations in a variety of in-vitro test systems, the significance of which to humans is unknown. There should be minimal risk when used with ventilation adequate to keep the atmospheric concentration of formaldehyde below the recommended exposure limits. Maintain adequate ventilation to prevent exposure above current OSHA / ACGIH exposure limits. Workplace monitoring of the air to define formaldehyde exposure levels may be necessary.

In a two-year inhalation study, rats showed carcinogenic effects in the respiratory system at 15 ppm of formaldehyde.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

EPA Waste Code if Discarded (40 CFR Section 261): None

Section 14 - Transportation Information
Note: The shipping information provided is applicable for domestic ground transport only. Different categorization may apply if shipped via other modes of transportation and/or to non-domestic destinations.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category:

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA ‘Hazard Categories’ promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Immediate Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>107-21-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Toxic Substances Control Act:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

None

New Jersey Right-to-Know:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary Acrylic Polymer</td>
<td>Proprietary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary Acrylic Polymer</td>
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<tr>
<td>White mineral oil</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Proposition 65:

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.
Section 16 - Other Information

HMIS Ratings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health: 1</th>
<th>Flammability: 0</th>
<th>Reactivity: 0</th>
<th>Personal Protection: X</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), less water less exempts: g/L: 48.8 lb/gal: 0.41 wt:wt%: 2.61

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), less water less exempts, less LVP -VOCs: wt:wt%: 0.1

REASON FOR REVISION: Periodic Update

Legend:

- N.A. – Not Applicable
- N.E. – Not Established
- N.D. – Not Determined
- VOC – Volatile Organic Compound
- PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit
- TLV – Threshold Limit Value
- CEIL – Ceiling Exposure Limit
- LD50 – Lethal Dose 50
- F – Degree Fahrenheit
- C – Degree Celsius
- ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- SARA – Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986
- NJRTK – New Jersey Right-to-Know Law
- OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- HMIS – Hazardous Materials Identification System
- NTP – National Toxicology Program
- STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit
- LC50 – Lethal Concentration 50
- MSDS – Material Safety Data Sheet
- CASRN – The Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION RefERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.

<End of MSDS>