

The Valvoline Company

Date Prepared: 11/10/03

MSDS No: 505.0396487-001.001I

MAXLIFE SYNTHETIC 10W30 4/5 QT

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1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identity

Product Name: MAXLIFE SYNTHETIC 10W30 4/5 QT

Company

The Valvoline Company  
P.O. Box 14000  
Lexington, KY 40512

Telephone Numbers

Emergency: 1-800-274-5263  
Information: 1-859-357-7206

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2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient(s)	CAS Number	% (by weight)
PARAFINIC BASE OIL		74.0- 84.0
PCMO ADDITIVE		6.0- 16.0
VISCOSITY INDEX IMPROVER		4.0- 14.0
ZINC COMPOUNDS	68649-42-3	1.0- 1.0

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3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Health Effects

Eye

Can cause severe eye irritation and injure eye tissue.

Skin

May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry and crack the skin. Additional symptoms of skin contact may include: acne, Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Swallowing

Swallowing this material is not likely to be harmful.

Inhalation

It is possible to breathe this material under certain conditions of handling and use (for example, during heating, spraying, or stirring). Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Symptoms usually occur at air concentrations higher than the recommended exposure limits (See Section 8).

Symptoms of Exposure

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea) irritation (nose, throat, airways).

Target Organ Effects

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been

suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals, and may aggravate preexisting disorders of these organs in humans: testis damage.

#### Developmental Information

There are no data available for assessing risk to the fetus from maternal exposure to this material.

#### Cancer Information

There is no information available. The chance of this material causing cancer is unknown. This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the National Toxicology Program, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

#### Other Health Effects

No data

#### Primary Route(s) of Entry

Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion.

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Eyes

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention.

### Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

### Swallowing

First aid is not normally required. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

### Inhalation

If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Keep person warm and quiet; seek immediate medical attention.

### Note to Physicians

Acute aspiration of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Repeated aspiration of small quantities of mineral oil can produce chronic inflammation of the lungs (i.e. lipoid pneumonia) that may progress to pulmonary fibrosis. Symptoms are often subtle and radiological changes appear worse than clinical abnormalities. Occasionally, persistent cough, irritation of the upper respiratory tract, shortness of breath with exertion, fever, and bloody sputum occur. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities. Preexisting disorders of the following organs ( or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: skin, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), male reproductive system.

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point

467.0 F (241.6 C)

Explosive Limit

No data

Autoignition Temperature

No data

Hazardous Products of Combustion

May form: alcohols, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, various hydrocarbons.

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively. Dense smoke may be generated while burning.

Extinguishing Media

regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Water or foam may cause frothing which can be violent and possibly endanger the life of the firefighter. Water may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool until fire is out. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

NFPA Rating

Health - 2, Flammability - 1, Reactivity - 0

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill

Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material. Persons not wearing proper personal protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill.

Large Spill

Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five gallon pails and larger metal containers including tank cars and tank trucks should be grounded and/or

bonded when material is transferred. Precautions during use: avoid prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact with this material. Skin contact can be minimized by wearing impervious protective gloves. As with all products of this nature, good personal hygiene is essential. Hands and other exposed areas should be washed thoroughly with soap and water after contact, especially before eating and/or smoking. Regular laundering of contaminated clothing is essential to reduce indirect skin contact with this material.

#### Storage

Do not store near extreme heat, open flame, or sources of ignition.

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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Eye Protection

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

#### Skin Protection

Wear impervious gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

#### Respiratory Protections

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (See Exposure Guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (consult your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

#### Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

#### Exposure Guidelines

Component  
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PARAFINIC BASE OIL  
No exposure limits established

PCMO ADDITIVE  
No exposure limits established

VISCOSITY INDEX IMPROVER  
No exposure limits established

ZINC COMPOUNDS (68649-42-3)  
No exposure limits established

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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### Boiling Point

(for component) 350.0 F (176.6 C)

Vapor Pressure  
(for product)

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Specific Vapor Density  
No data

Specific Gravity  
.852 @ 60.00 F

Liquid Density  
7.090 lbs/gal @ 60.00 F  
7.090 lbs/gal @ 60.00 F

Percent Volatiles (Including Water)  
No data

Evaporation Rate  
No data

Appearance  
No data

State  
LIQUID

Physical Form  
No data

Color  
No data

Odor  
No data

pH  
No data

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous Polymerization  
Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition  
May form: alcohols, aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide  
hydrogen sulfide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability  
Stable.

Incompatibility  
Avoid contact with: acids, alkalies, chlorine, halogens, strong  
oxidizing agents.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Management Information

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Information - 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Description:  
Not Regulated

Container/Mode:  
CASES/SURFACE - NO EXCEPTIONS

NOS Component:  
None

RQ (Reportable Quantity) - 49 CFR 172.101  
Not applicable

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Status  
TSCA (UNITED STATES) The intentional ingredients of this product are listed.

CERCLA RQ - 40 CFR 302.4  
None

SARA 302 Components - 40 CFR 355 Appendix A  
None

Section 311/312 Hazard Class - 40 CFR 370.2  
Immediate(X) Delayed(X) Fire( ) Reactive( ) Sudden  
Release of Pressure( )

SARA 313 Components - 40 CFR 372.65

Section 313 Component(s)	CAS Number
ZINC C1-C14 ALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3

International Regulations

Inventory Status  
Not determined

State and Local Regulations

California Proposition 65  
None

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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