



SAFETY DATA SHEET

TIGI Bed Head Keep It Casual Hairspray (Aerosol)

Section 1. Identification

Product name : TIGI Bed Head Keep It Casual Hairspray (Aerosol)
Product description : Hair Styling Product
Product code : 810000002611
Product code : Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Consumer uses

Supplier's details : TIGI Linea, LP
 1655 Waters Ridge Dr.
 Lewisville
 USA
 TX 75057


Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : Phone #: 800-761-3683 Monday thru Friday (8:30 AM – 5:00 PM EST)
 Emergency #: 800-745-9269 (24 hours)
 Poison Control #: 800-949-7866 (24 hours)
 CHEMTREC #: 800-424-9300(24 hours, Transportation Emergencies)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 2
 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements

- Hazard pictograms** : 
- Signal word** : Warning
- Hazard statements** : Flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Response** : Not applicable.
- Storage** : Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
- Disposal** : Not applicable.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Alcohol Denat.	>= 25 - < 50	64-17-5
Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	>= 25 - <= 50	75-37-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position

and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- NFPA 30B Classification** : Aerosol Level 1
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbonyl halides
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-

- proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** :
- Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** :
- Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** :
- Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** :
- Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Alcohol Denat.	ACGIH TLV (2008-11-24). STEL 1,000 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01). TWA 1,900 mg/m ³ 1,000 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30). TWA 1,900 mg/m ³ 1,000 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01). TWA 1,900 mg/m ³ 1,000 ppm
Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	AIHA WEEL (1999-01-01). TWA 1,000 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures,

Body protection	: consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: gas [aerosol]
Color	: colourless
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not applicable Under normal conditions, melting point/freezing point will not be observed
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: not applicable
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: Not available. Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: 9,721.61 hPa @ 54 °C (129 °F)
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic: Not available. Kinematic: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray
 Heat of combustion : < 20000000 J/kg
 Ignition distance : 70 cm

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
 Chemical stability : The product is stable.
 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
 Incompatible materials : No specific data.
 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Alcohol Denat.	Not relevant - Not relevant	Not relevant	0		-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Non-irritant to skin.
 Eyes : Non-irritating to the eyes.
 Respiratory : Non-irritating to the respiratory system.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not sensitizing
Respiratory : Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

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Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Alcohol Denat.			
	Acute EC50 10,000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	96 h
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Alcohol Denat.	-0.35	-	low
Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	1.13	-	low

Mobility in soil






Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

- U.S. Federal regulations** :
- United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification:** None of the components are listed.
 - United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precursor:** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR):** Not determined
 - United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR):** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):** Not listed
 - United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies:** Not listed
 - United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants:** Not listed
 - United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances:** Not listed
 - United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances:** Listed
 - United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances:** Not listed
 - United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** Not listed
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- Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed
 - Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed
 - Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed
 - DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed
 - DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302/304
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Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	>= 25 - <= 50	Yes.	SARA 304 RQ: 100 lb(s)
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SARA 304 RQ : 239.8 lbs

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 2
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Alcohol Denat.	>= 25 - < 50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	>= 25 - <= 50	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:
Alcohol Denat.

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed:
Alcohol Denat.

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:
Alcohol Denat.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Montreal Protocol

Ingredient name	Status
Hydrofluorocarbon 152a	Annex F, Group I

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Annex A - Elimination - Production

None of the components are listed.

Annex A - Elimination - Use

None of the components are listed.

Annex B - Restriction - Production

None of the components are listed.

Annex B - Restriction - Use

None of the components are listed.

Annex C - Unintentional - Production

None of the components are listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) - Industrial

None of the components are listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) - Pesticide

None of the components are listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) -Severely hazardous pesticide

None of the components are listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Heavy metals - Annex 1

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 1 - Production

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 1 - Use

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 2

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 3

None of the components are listed.

Inventory list

- Australia : Not determined.
- Canada : Not determined.
- China : Not determined.
- Europe : Not determined.
- Japan : **Japan inventory (ENCS):** Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
- New Zealand : Not determined.
- Philippines : Not determined.
- Republic of Korea : Not determined.
- Taiwan : Not determined.
- Thailand : Not determined.
- Turkey : Not determined.
- United States : Not determined.
- Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		4
Physical hazards		3

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 2	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data

History

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Key to abbreviations

- : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 - BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 - GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 - IATA = International Air Transport Association
 - IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 - IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 - LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 - MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 - N/A = Not available
 - SGG = Segregation Group
 - UN = United Nations
- References** : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.